

Somerset Neighborhood School
(A charter school and Component Unit
of the School Board of Broward County, Florida)
WL# 5021

Miramar, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2025

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9300 Pembroke Road Miramar, Florida 33025

2024-2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Neighborhood School Miramar, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Neighborhood School (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. which is a component unit of the District School Board of Broward County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Somerset Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter - Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of Somerset Neighborhood School that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2025 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of a Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 12 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2024, the School adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 30 to 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2025 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coral Gables, Florida September 30, 2025 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Neighborhood School (A Charter School under Somerset Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2025

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2025 was \$4,331,067.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$3,731,004.
- 3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$760,406 for the year ended June 30, 2025.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$3,398,069.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide

financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 –29 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$4,331,067 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 follows:

		(A	s restated)
	2025		2024
Cash	\$ 472,531	\$	12,378
Investments	2,840,000		2,363,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	112,852		141,761
Due from other agencies	588,500		897,876
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.	482,879		200,000
Capital assets, net	502,194		906,050
Total Assets	4,998,956		4,521,065
Deferred outflows of resources	-		-
Salaries and wages payable	204,206		200,170
Accounts payable	15,877		4,658
Compensated absences	120,245		106,399
Lease liability	 327,561		639,177
Total Liabilities	667,889		950,404
Deferred inflows of resources	-		-
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	126,535		266,873
Unrestricted	4,204,532		3,303,788
Total Net Position	\$ 4,331,067	\$	3,570,661

At the end of both fiscal years, the School is able to report positive balances in its net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 follows:

REVENUES	2025		(As restated) 2024	
Program Revenues				
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$	925,844	\$	991,467
Capital Grants and Contributions		435,752		337,291
Charges for Services		121,952		161,038
General Revenues				
State and Local Sources		4,488,603		5,177,777
Other Revenues		153,399		123,752
Total Revenues	\$	6,125,550	\$	6,791,325
EXPENSES				
Component Unit Activities:				
Instruction	\$	2,904,197	\$	2,766,847
Student support services		38,347		32,225
Instructional staff training services		29,107		38,708
Board		33,795		31,959
General administration		-		38,114
School administration		698,757		618,756
Fiscal services		75,050		75,208
Food services		228,962		220,159
Central services		85,922		91,031
Operation of plant		962,462		649,802
Maintenance of plant		250,815		240,605
Administrative technology services		32,848		29,094
Debt Service		24,882		8,939
Total Expenses		5,365,144		4,841,447
Change in Net Position		760,406		1,949,878
Net Position at Beginning of Year		3,570,661		1,620,783
Net Position at End of Year		4,331,067	\$	3,570,661

The School's revenues decreased by \$665,775 and expenses increased by \$523,697 during the year. The School had an increase in its net position of \$760,406 for the year.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvement program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$3,510,921. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$3,398,069. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets (including right of use lease assets) as of June 30, 2025 amounts to \$502,194 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right of use lease asset (building), land, improvements, and furniture, fixtures and equipment. The School has long-term liabilities of \$327,561 associated to its capital assets.

The lease asset is amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the lease and the lease liability amortizes based on the effective interest method resulting in a higher liability and expense during the early years of the lease.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for total governmental funds (both general fund and special revenue funds) to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund			
	Original Budget Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
Capital grants and contributions	\$ 272,160	\$ 297,600	\$ 435,752	
Operating grants and contributions	549,904	904,686	925,844	
Charges for services and other revenue	8,600	7,700	8,688	
General Revenues				
State and local sources	4,697,391	4,837,635	4,771,482	
Charge for services and other revenues	139,036	238,951	266,663	
Total Revenues	5,667,091	6,286,572	6,408,429	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES				
Component Unit Activities				
Instruction	3,169,618	2,976,459	2,822,288	
Student support services	53,397	40,543	38,259	
Instructional staff training services	56,280	51,506	29,107	
Board	132,221	48,907	33,795	
School administration	498,882	705,761	692,299	
Fiscal services	79,800	75,050	75,050	
Food services	212,791	232,892	228,962	
Central services	105,800	92,050	85,922	
Operation of plant	430,569	661,008	641,222	
Maintenance of plant	243,897	219,000	231,315	
Administrative technology services	25,443	51,474	32,848	
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 5,008,698	\$ 5,154,650	\$ 4,911,067	

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities	
<u>Assets</u>		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 472,531	
Investments	2,840,000	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	112,852	
Due from other agencies	305,621	
Total Current Assets	3,731,004	
Due from other agencies, long-term	282,879	
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.	482,879	
Capital assets, non-depreciable	43,540	
Capital assets, depreciable	733,573	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(594,507)	
Right of use asset (building)	1,574,803	
Less: accumulated amortization	(1,255,215)	
Total Capital Assets	502,194	
Total Assets	4,998,956	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and wages payable	204,206	
Accounts payable	15,877	
Compensated absences, current	72,147	
Lease liability, current	327,561	
Total Current Liabilities	619,791	
Compensated absences	48,098	
Total Liabilities	667,889	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	126,535	
Unrestricted	4,204,532	
Total Net Position	\$ 4,331,067	

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2025

	Program Revenues				
Primary Government:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 2,904,197	\$ 113,264	\$ 747,494	\$ -	\$ (2,043,439)
Student support services	38,347	-	-	-	(38,347)
Instructional staff training services	29,107	-	28,507	-	(600)
Board	33,795	-	-	-	(33,795)
School administration	698,757	-	35,836	-	(662,921)
Fiscal services	75,050	-	-	-	(75,050)
Food services	228,962	8,688	114,007	-	(106,267)
Central services	85,922	-	-	-	(85,922)
Operation of plant	962,462	-	-	435,752	(526,710)
Maintenance of plant	250,815	-	-	-	(250,815)
Administrative technology services	32,848	-	-	-	(32,848)
Debt Service	24,882	_	-		(24,882)
Total governmental activities	5,365,144	121,952	925,844	435,752	(3,881,596)
	General revenu	ies:			
	State and local	sources			4,488,603
	Investment ear	nings			130,404
	Other revenues	S		-	22,995
	Change in net p	position			760,406
	Net position, b	eginning, as res	stated		3,570,661
	Net position, e	nding		-	\$ 4,331,067

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

		Capital	Total
		Projects	Governmental
	General Fund	Fund	Funds
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash	\$ 472,531	\$ -	\$ 472,531
Investments	2,840,000	-	2,840,000
Due from other agencies	282,879	22,742	305,621
Due from fund	22,742	-	22,742
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	112,852		112,852
Total Assets	3,731,004	22,742	3,753,746
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Salaries and wages payable	204,206	-	204,206
Accounts payable	15,877	-	15,877
Due to fund	-	22,742	22,742
Total Liabilities	220,083	22,742	242,825
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-	-
Fund balance			
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	112,852	-	112,852
Unassigned	3,398,069	_	3,398,069
Č	3,510,921		3,510,921
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources and Fund Balance	\$3,731,004	\$22,742	\$ 3,753,746

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 3,510,921

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

Capital assets, non-depreciable	43,540	
Capital assets, depreciable	733,573	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(594,507)	
Right of use lease asset	1,574,803	
Less: accumulated amortization	(1,255,215)	502,194

Long term receivables in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Long term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

Lease liabilities	(327,561)	
Compensated absences	(120,245)	(447,806)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 4,331,067

765,758

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June $30,\,2025$

		Special	Capital	Total Governmental
	General Fund	Revenue Fund	Projects Fund	Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 297,604	\$ 297,604
State passed through local	3,887,859	-	-	3,887,859
Local sources	883,623	-	138,148	1,021,771
Federal sources	-	925,844	-	925,844
Charges for services and other revenue	266,663	8,688		275,351
Total Revenues	5,038,145	934,532	435,752	6,408,429
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	2,582,398	239,890	-	2,822,288
Student support services	38,259	-	-	38,259
Instructional staff training	600	28,507	-	29,107
Board	33,795	-	-	33,795
School administration	656,463	35,836	-	692,299
Fiscal services	75,050	-	-	75,050
Food services	-	228,962	-	228,962
Central services	85,922	_	_	85,922
Operation of plant	566,569	_	74,653	641,222
Maintenance of plant	215,435	-	15,880	231,315
Administrative technology services	32,848	_	´-	32,848
Capital Outlay:	- ,			- ,
Other capital outlay	11,493	_	_	11,493
Debt service:	11,.50			11,.50
Redemption of Principal	_	_	311,616	311,616
Interest	-	_	24,882	24,882
Total Expenditures	4,298,832	533,195	427,031	5,259,058
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	739,313	401,337	8,721	1,149,371
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	410,058	(401,337)	(8,721)	-
Advances to Somerset Academy, Inc.	(282,879)			(282,879)
Net change in fund balance	866,492	-	-	866,492
Fund Balance at beginning of year	2,644,429			2,644,429
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 3,510,921	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,510,921

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2025

Net	Change	in	Fund	Balance -	Governmental	Funds
INCL	Change	ш	1 unu	Dalance -	Oovermilentai	Tunus

\$ 866,492

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amoritzation expense.

Capital outlay expenditures	11,493	
Depreciation and amortization expense	(415,350)	(403,857)

Issuance of long term receivables represents a financial expenditure to governmental funds, but increases long-term assets in the statement of net position. Increase in long term receivables is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a decrease or collections of such receivables reduces long-term assets in the statement of net position.

Increases in long-term receivables 282,879

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds.

Prior year revenues recognized this year at the fund level.

Increase in long term debt is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Increase in compensated absences	(13,845)	
Principal payments on long-term debt	311,616	297,771

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 760,406

(282,879)

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Neighborhood School (the "School"), is a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida (the "District"). The Schools' charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Broward County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2040 and it can be renewed in accordance with the law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School, serves students from kindergarten through fifth grades and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2025, when on average 474 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding and federal lunch program, that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Capital Outlay Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other state and local sources.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and compensated absences, which are reported as expenditures when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Prepaid Expenses and other Current Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School. No allowance for uncollectible accounts is deemed necessary.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Cash and Investments

Cash is cash on hand, demand deposits, nonmarketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds.

The right of use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Improvements3 YearsFurniture, Fixtures, Equipment5 YearsRight of Use Asset (Building)3 Years

Compensated Absences

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. GASB Statement No. 101 establishes guidance for measuring a liability that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements.

The School grants a specific number of personal time off. Full time teachers and instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the tenmonth period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused days for personal time off however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. Non-exempt and office salaried employees are not eligible to "cash out" unused personal time off days.

The compensated absences liability includes an accrual for the cash out days and personal time off for services already rendered.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made. In addition, the School receives a portion of the local operating millage revenues levied by the District (Secure our Future Referendum).

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses. All nonspendable fund balances pertain to assets not in spendable form.
- b) Restricted this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

Effective July 1, 2024, the School adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement was applied retroactively. See Note 12.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Effective July 1, 2024, the School adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. The objective of this statement is to provide financial statement users with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the School's financial statements. This statement was applied prospectively.

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

The GASB issued GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements* and Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025.

The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standards will have on its financial statements.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 30, 2025, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2025, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage were approximately \$4.800.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

At June 30, 2025, the School had \$2,840,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2025, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 67% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At June 30, 2025, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 3 – Due from Other Agencies

The following is due from other agencies as of June 30, 2025:

Funding Source	Governmental Fund	Balance
Due from the District, referendum	General Fund	\$ 282,879
Capital Outlay	Capital Projects Fund	22,742
Total Due from Other Agencies, current		\$ 305,621
Due from the District, referendum, long-term portion	General Fund	282,879
Total Due from Other Agencies		\$ 588,500

Note 3 – Due from Other Agencies (continued)

Pursuant to the approved referendum, the School will receive funds in the following installments (including interest a rate of 12% compounding monthly):

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 282,879	\$ 35,876	\$ 318,755
2027	282,879	76,302	359,181
Total	\$ 565,758	\$ 112,178	\$ 677,936

Note 4 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	Balance 07/01/24	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Balance 06/30/25
Capital assets, non depreciable:				
Land	\$ 43,540	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,540
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Improvements	451,780	-	(38,982)	412,798
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	376,749	11,493	(67,467)	320,775
Total Capital Assets	872,069	11,493	(106,449)	777,113
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Improvements	(355,524)	(34,216)	38,982	(350,758)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(249,672)	(61,544)	67,467	(243,749)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(605,196)	(95,760)	106,449	(594,507)
Capital Assets, net	266,873	(84,267)		182,606
Lease Assets:				
Right of use leased asset (building)	\$ 1,574,803	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,574,803
Less accumulated amortization:	(935,626)	(319,589)		(1,255,215)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	639,177	(319,589)	-	319,588
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 906,050	\$ (403,856)	\$ -	\$ 502,194

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depreication	Amortization
Instruction	\$ 74,610	\$ -
Maintenance of plant	19,500	-
Operation of plant	1,650_	319,589
Total Expense	\$ 95,760	\$ 319,589

Note 5 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement continues through June 30, 2028 and unless terminated by the board shall have the option to renewed for an additional five year term. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the School incurred \$225,150 in fees.

Note 6 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

During 2025, the School shared its campus with Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle and Somerset Academy High School – Miramar Campus , other charter schools under Somerset Academy, Inc. Through the board, management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, and supplies, and other expenses based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to these schools.

The School's lunch program is also shared with various charter schools under Somerset Academy, Inc. Revenues and expenses related to the lunch program have been allocated based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements.

Somerset Academy, Inc. charges its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses paid Somerset Academy, Inc. \$71,100 in connection with these charges during the year.

The School has made various long-term, non-interest bearing advances to Somerset Academy, Inc. The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term advances for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/24 Additions		Deletions	06/30/25
Somerset Academy, Inc.	\$ 200,000	\$ 282,879	\$ -	\$ 482,879
Total Long Term Receivables	\$ 200,000	\$ 282,879	\$ -	\$ 482,879

Note 7 – Long Term Liabilities

Somerset Academy, Inc. entered into an educational facilities lease agreement with Florida Bible Church, Inc. for use of its facility beginning July 1, 2011. Initial annual payments under this agreement are approximately \$490,000 plus \$700 per student per annum for every student above 500 enrolled by the School at the facility, plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. Commencing the second year of initial term annual payments are adjusted by the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

Note 7 – Long Term Liabilities (Continued)

The lease automatically renews for additional renewal terms of two years each, with a continuous two year floating renewal. The agreement continues through June 30, 2026 (current renewal term). During the lease term and current fiscal year, this facility was shared with Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School and Somerset Academy High School – Miramar Campus.

Accordingly, the right of use asset and liability was remeasured to reflect the additional renewal term. At the time of the remeasurement the allocation used was approximately 33% for Middle, 24% for High and 43% for the School. At the time of the initial and remeasurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School has used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, interest expense totaled \$24,882, as it relates to its lease agreements. For 2025, the School incurred variable and other payments of \$119,508 in connection with the lease agreement. Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Year	I	Principal	Interest	Total		
2026	\$	327,561	\$ 8,939	\$	336,500	
	\$	327,561	\$ 8,939	\$	336,500	

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	07/01/24	Additions Decreases		06/30/25
Lease liability	\$ 639,177	\$ -	\$ 311,616	\$ 327,561
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 639,177	\$ -	\$ 311,616	\$ 327,561

Note 8 – Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives the majority of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits.

Note 8 – Contingencies and Concentrations (continued)

It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of up to 5% or 2% if high performing, of the qualifying revenues of the School and up to and including 250 students. For the year ended June 30, 2025, administrative fees totaled \$100,338.

On November 6, 2018, and November 8, 2022, the voters of Broward County approved and renewed, respectively, the Secure the Next Generation Referendum to raise/maintain teacher compensation and improve school safety and security. The Broward County School District shares a portion with charter schools. The current renewal is set to expire on June 30, 2027. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School's total referendum revenues were approximately \$601,000 or 10% of total revenues.

Note 9 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 10 – Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2025, consist of the following:

		Capitai
	Special	Projects
General Fund	Revenue Fund	Fund
\$ (106,267)	\$ 106,267	\$ -
516,325	(507,604)	(8,721)
\$ 410,058	\$ (401,337)	\$ (8,721)
Ф. 22.7.12	Φ.	ф. (22 7.1 2)
	\$ -	\$ (22,742)
\$ 22,742	\$ -	\$ (22,742)
	\$ (106,267) 516,325	General Fund Revenue Fund \$ (106,267) \$ 106,267 516,325 (507,604) \$ 410,058 \$ (401,337) \$ 22,742 \$ -

Note 11 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP Total Source Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed \$88,565 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2025. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya financial.

Note 12 - Restatements of Beginning Balances and Compensated Absences

Effective July 1, 2024, the School implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Compensated absences payable consists of leave benefits, paid time off, that employees earned based on services already rendered. Compensated absences are recognized as a liability when the leave accumulates, is attributable to past service, and it is more likely than not that the leave will be used or paid.

For the implementation, the beginning net position has been restated, as follows:

Fiscal Year	GASB	Fiscal Year
June 30, 2024	Statement	June 30, 2024
Original	No. 101	(Restated)
\$ 1,620,783		\$ 1,620,783
2,056,277	(106,399)	1,949,878
\$ 3,677,060		\$ 3,570,661
	June 30, 2024 Original \$ 1,620,783 2,056,277	June 30, 2024 Statement Original No. 101 \$ 1,620,783 (106,399) 2,056,277 (106,399)

Changes in compensated absence liabilities during the year are as follows:

								Dι	e within
	07/01/24	Inc	reases *	Decr	eases	0	6/30/25	O	ne Year
Compensated absences	\$ 106,399	\$	13,846	\$	_	\$	120,245	\$	72,147
	\$ 106,399	\$	13,846	\$		\$	120,245	\$	72,147

^{*} The change in compensated absences is presented as a net change.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June $30,\,2025$

	Ori	ginal Budget	F	inal Budget		Actual
REVENUES				_		_
State passed through local	\$	3,829,745	\$	3,863,594	\$	3,887,859
Local sources		748,198		838,597		883,623
Charges and other revenue		139,036		238,951		266,663
Total Revenues		4,716,979		4,941,142		5,038,145
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		2,896,394		2,718,654		2,582,398
Student support services		53,397		40,543		38,259
Instructional staff training		23,640		16,253		600
Board		132,221		48,907		33,795
School administration		472,642		668,676		656,463
Fiscal services		79,800		75,050		75,050
Central services		105,800		92,050		85,922
Operation of plant		353,115		583,554		566,569
Maintenance of plant		227,897		219,000		215,435
Administrative technology services		25,443		35,474		32,848
Total Current Expenditures		4,370,349		4,498,161		4,287,339
Excess of Revenues		,				
Over Current Expenditures		346,630		442,981		750,806
Capital Outlay						
Other Capital Outlay		20,351		12,352		11,493
Total Capital Outlay and						
Debt Service Expenditures		20,351		12,352		11,493
Total Expenditures		4,390,700		4,510,513		4,298,832
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		326,279		430,629		739,313
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out)		(8,735)		368,443		410,058
Advances to Somerset Academy, Inc.				(282,879)		(282,879)
Net change in fund balance		317,544		516,193		866,492
Fund Balance at beginning of year		2,644,429		2,644,429		2,644,429
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	2,961,973	_\$_	3,160,622	\$	3,510,921

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30,2025

	Special Revenue Fund					
	Orig	ginal Budget	Fi	nal Budget		Actual
REVENUES		_	,			_
Federal sources	\$	549,904	\$	904,686	\$	925,844
Charges for services		8,600		7,700		8,688
Total Revenues		558,504		912,386		934,532
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		273,224		257,805		239,890
Instructional staff training		32,640		35,253		28,507
School administration		26,240		37,085		35,836
Food services		212,791		232,892		228,962
Total Current Expenditures		544,895		563,035		533,195
Excess (deficit) of Revenues		_				
Over Current Expenditures		13,609		349,351		401,337
Total Expenditures		544,895		563,035		533,195
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		13,609		349,351		401,337
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in (out)	-	(13,609)		(349,351)		(401,337)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance at beginning of year, restated						
Fund Balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	-

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Neighborhood School Miramar, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major of Somerset Neighborhood School (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for determining the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 30, 2025 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 30, 2025



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Neighborhood School Miramar, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Neighborhood School, Miramar, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 30, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the School code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title of the entity is Somerset Neighborhood School, 5021.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Neighborhood School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Neighborhood School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Neighborhood School. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Neighborhood Schools financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had no such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Neighborhood School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Neighborhood School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or fraud, waste, or abuse, that has occurred, or is likely to have occurred, that has an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Broward County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Coral Gables, Florida September 30, 2025

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS