

Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. and Component Unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida) WL# 5441

Miramar, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2025

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Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) W/L #5441 9300 Pembroke Road Miramar, Florida 33025

2024-2025

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

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SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School Miramar, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which is a component unit of the District School Board of Broward County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Somerset Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2025 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of a Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 12 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2024, the School adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 31 to 32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2025 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to solely describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 30, 2025

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School (A Charter School under Somerset Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2025

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The School's net position at June 30, 2025 was \$1,913,907.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$1,198,050.
- 3. The School had an increase in net position of \$116,172 for the year ended June 30, 2025.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$963,751.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *Government-Wide Financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 30 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School's net position was \$1,913,907 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 follows:

		(As restated)
	2025	2024
Cash	\$ 1,519	\$ 9,047
Investments	830,000	420,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	85,258	99,813
Due from other agencies	532,399	1,056,361
Capital and right-of-use assets, net	300,043	526,682
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.	641,127	390,000
Total Assets	2,390,346	2,501,903
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	86,487	150,217
Accounts payable	62,554	2,038
Compensated absences	76,014	67,236
Lease liability	251,384	484,677
Total Liabilities	476,439	704,168
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	48,659	42,005
Unrestricted	1,865,248	1,755,730
Total Net Position	\$ 1,913,907	\$ 1,797,735

At the end of both fiscal years, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 follows:

(As restated)

		(As restated)
REVENUES	2025	2024
Program Revenues	\$ 293,235	¢ 977.426
Operating Grants and Contributions	. ,	\$ 877,426
Capital Grants and Contributions	361,803	239,425
Charges for services	6,569	8,687
General Revenues		
State and local sources	3,306,979	3,649,724
Other revenue	75,819	30,256
Total Revenues	\$ 4,044,405	\$ 4,805,518
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 2,037,192	\$ 1,845,670
Student support services	29,344	22,935
Instructional staff training Services	17,933	15,533
Board	21,665	25,052
General administration	-	88,885
School administration	531,917	444,911
Fiscal services	57,317	53,200
Food services	162,533	154,468
Central services	64,995	64,449
Operation of plant	811,575	441,623
Maintenance of plant	152,044	149,685
Administrative technology services	22,623	19,291
Interest on long-term debt	19,095	275,735
Total Expenses	3,928,233	3,601,437
Change in Net Position	116,172	1,204,081
Net Position at Beginning of Year	1,797,735	593,654
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 1,913,907	\$ 1,797,735

The School's revenues decreased by \$761,113 and expenses increased by \$326,796. The School had an increase in its net position of \$116,172 for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 9300 Pembroke Road Miramar, Florida 33025.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,049,009. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$963,751. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets (including right of use lease assets) as of June 30, 2025 amounts to \$300,043 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets, furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2025, the School had long-term liabilities of \$251,384 associated to its capital assets.

The lease asset is amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the lease and the lease liability amortizes based on the effective interest method resulting in a higher liability and expense during the early years of the lease.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund						
	Original Budget		Fi	Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES						_	
Program Revenues							
Capital Grants and Contributions	\$	278,943	\$	356,647	\$	361,803	
Operating Grants and Contributions		278,626		293,235		293,235	
Charges for services and other revenues		7,000		6,500		6,569	
General Revenues							
State and local sources		3,296,132		3,541,033		3,558,106	
Charges for services and other revenues				75,506		75,819	
Total Revenues	\$	3,860,701	\$	4,272,921	\$	4,295,532	
CLIDDENITE EVDENINITI IDEC							
CURRENT EXPENDITURES							
Component Unit Activities	Φ.	2 0 2 0 5 4 0	ф	2010 601	Φ.	2 000 252	
Instruction	\$	2,038,548	\$	2,019,684	\$	2,009,372	
Student support services		38,035		30,974		29,276	
Instructional staff training Services		17,565		20,652		17,933	
Board		99,695		28,756		21,665	
School administration		400,295		529,814		527,552	
Fiscal services		56,842		57,317		57,317	
Food services		151,589		163,594		162,533	
Central services		76,842		68,817		64,995	
Operation of plant		307,619		576,041		566,216	
Maintenance of plant		157,526		159,000		152,044	
Administrative technology services		18,123		23,333		22,623	
Total Current Expenditures	\$	3,362,679	\$	3,677,982	\$	3,631,526	

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

Assets	Governmental Activities	
Current assets:		
Cash	\$	1,519
Investments		830,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		85,258
Due from other agencies		281,273
Total Current Assets		1,198,050
Capital assets, net:		
Capital assets, depreciable		249,563
Less: accumulated depreciation		(206,058)
Right-of-use lease asset		1,208,570
Less: accumulated amortization		(952,032)
Total Capital Assets, net		300,043
Due from other agencies, long-term		251,126
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.		641,127
Total Assets		2,390,346
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Salaries and wages payable		86,487
Accounts payable		62,554
Compensated absences, current		45,608
Lease liability, current portion		251,384
Total Current Liabilities		446,033
Compensated absences		30,406
Total Liabilities		476,439
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		48,659
Unrestricted		1,865,248
Total Net Position	\$	1,913,907

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2025

	Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 2,037,192	\$ -	\$ 191,772	\$ -	\$ (1,845,420)
Student support services	29,344	-	-	-	(29,344)
Instructional staff training Services	17,933	-	15,264	-	(2,669)
Board	21,665	-	-	-	(21,665)
School administration	531,917	-	-	-	(531,917)
Fiscal services	57,317	-	-	-	(57,317)
Food services	162,533	6,569	86,199	-	(69,765)
Central services	64,995	-	-	-	(64,995)
Operation of plant	811,575	-	-	361,803	(449,772)
Maintenance of plant	152,044	-	-	-	(152,044)
Administrative technology services	22,623	-	-	-	(22,623)
Debt service	19,095	-	-	-	(19,095)
Total governmental activities	3,928,233	6,569	293,235	361,803	(3,266,626)
	General revenu	ies:			
	State and local	sources			3,306,979
	Investment inc	ome			51,393
	Other revenues	8			24,426
	Change in net 1	position			116,172
	Net position, b	eginning, as r	estated		1,797,735
	Net position, e	ending			\$ 1,913,907

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

			Total	
		Governmental	Governmental	
	General Fund	Fund	Funds	
Assets				
Cash	\$ 1,519	\$ -	\$ 1,519	
Investments	830,000	-	830,000	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	85,258	-	85,258	
Due from other agencies	261,795	19,478	281,273	
Due from fund	19,478		19,478	
Total Assets	1,198,050	19,478	1,217,528	
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Salaries and wages payable	86,487	-	86,487	
Accounts payable	62,554	-	62,554	
Due to fund		19,478	19,478	
Total Liabilities	149,041	19,478	168,519	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Fund balance				
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	85,258	_	85,258	
Unassigned	963,751	_	963,751	
-	1,049,009		1,049,009	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 1,198,050	\$ 19,478	\$ 1,217,528	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 1,049,009

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

Capital assets, depreciable	249,563	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(206,058)	
Right-of-use lease asset	1,208,570	
Less: accumulated amortization	(952,032)	300,043

Long term receivables in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. 892,253

Long term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

Lease liabilities	(251,384)	
Compensated absences	(76,014)	(327,398)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 1,913,907

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June $30,\,2025$

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	ф	¢	ф 254 105	Φ 254.105
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 254,185	\$ 254,185
State passed through local	2,837,630	=	107.610	2,837,630
Local sources	720,476	-	107,618	828,094
Federal sources	-	293,235	-	293,235
Charges for services and other revenues	-	6,569	-	6,569
Other revenues	75,819			75,819
Total Revenues	3,633,925	299,804	361,803	4,295,532
Expenditures:				
Current				•
Instruction	1,879,593	129,779	-	2,009,372
Student support services	29,276	-	-	29,276
Instructional staff training Services	2,669	15,264	-	17,933
Board	21,665	-	-	21,665
School administration	527,552	-	-	527,552
Fiscal services	57,317	-	-	57,317
Food services	-	162,533	-	162,533
Central services	64,995	-	-	64,995
Operation of plant	515,674	_	50,542	566,216
Maintenance of plant	152,044	_	_	152,044
Administrative technology services	22,623	_	_	22,623
Capital Outlay:				
Right-of-use lease asset (building)	-	_	29,728	29,728
Other capital outlay	12,468	_	· -	12,468
Debt Service:	,			,
Redemption of Principal	_	_	233,293	233,293
Interest			19,095	19,095
	2 205 076	207.576	332,658	
Total Expenditures	3,285,876	307,576	332,038	3,926,110
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	348,049	(7,772)	29,145	369,422
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	21,373	7,772	(29,145)	_
Advances to Somerset Academy, Inc.	(251,126)	7,772	(2),1 (3)	(251,126)
ravances to bomerset raddenly, me.	(231,120)			(231,120)
Net change in fund balance	118,296	-	-	118,296
Fund Balance at beginning of year	930,713			930,713
Fund Balance at end of year	\$1,049,009	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,049,009

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 118,296

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays differed from depreciation and amortization expense.

Capital outlay expenditures	12,468	
Right of use lease asset capital outlay	29,728	
Depreciation and amortization expense	(268,835)	(226,639)

Issuance of long term receivables represents a financial expenditure to governmental funds, but increases long-term assets in the statement of net position. Increase in long term receivables is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a decrease or collections of such receivables reduces long-term assets in the statement of net position.

Increases in long-term receivables

251,126

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds.

Prior year revenues available in current year

(251, 126)

Increase in long term liabilities is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Increases in long-term liabilities	(8,778)	
Principal payments on long-term liabilities	233,293	224,515

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 116,172

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School (the "School"), is a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida (the "District"). The Schools charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Broward County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2040 and it can be renewed in accordance with the law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Miramar, Florida for students from sixth through eighth grades and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2025, when on average 362 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other state and local sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - accounts for specific revenue, such as federal funding and federal lunch program funding that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Projects Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available.

Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and compensated absences, which are reported as expenditures when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Cash and Investments

Cash is cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for *Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 3).

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Money market investments that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School. No allowance for uncollectible accounts is deemed necessary.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are sold or disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as Other Financing Sources in the governmental funds.

The right of use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right of use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Right-of-use asset (building) 3 Years
Improvements 5 Years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment 5 Years

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. GASB Statement No. 101 establishes guidance for measuring a liability that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements.

The School grants a specific number of personal time off. Full time teachers and instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the tenmonth period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused days for personal time off however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. Non-exempt and office salaried employees are not eligible to "cash out" unused personal time off days.

The compensated absences liability includes an accrual for the cash out days and personal time off for services already rendered.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made. In addition, the School receives a portion of the local operating millage revenues levied by the District (Secure our Future Referendum).

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories and prepaid expenses.
- b) <u>Restricted</u> fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

Effective July 1, 2024, the School adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement was applied retroactively. See Note 12.

Effective July 1, 2024, the School adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. The objective of this statement is to provide financial statement users with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the School's financial statements. This statement was applied prospectively.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

The GASB issued GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements* and Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025.

The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standards will have on its financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 30, 2025, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2025:

	Balance		Retirements /	Balance
	07/01/24	Additions	Reclassifications	06/30/25
Capital Assets, depreciable:				
Improvements	\$ 158,606	\$ -	\$ (26,837)	\$ 131,769
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	154,199	12,468	(48,873)	117,794
Total Capital Assets	312,805	12,468	(75,710)	249,563
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Improvements	(149,166)	(3,500)	26,837	(125,829)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(109,030)	(20,072)	48,873	(80,229)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(258,196)	(23,572)	75,710	(206,058)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 54,609	\$ (11,104)	\$ -	\$ 43,505
Lease Assets:				
Right of use lease asset (building)	\$ 1,178,841	\$ 29,728	\$ -	\$ 1,208,569
Less accumulated amortization:	(706,768)	(245,263)		(952,031)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	472,073	(215,535)	-	256,538
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 526,682	\$ (226,639)	\$ -	\$ 300,043

Note 2 – Capital Assets (continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	<u>Depreciation</u>	Amortization		
Instruction	\$ 23,478	\$ -		
Operation of plant	94_	245,263		
Total Expense	\$ 23,572	\$ 245,263		

Note 3 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in one financial institution. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2025, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was approximately \$6,200.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2025, the School had \$1,430,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2025, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 67% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At June 30, 2025, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 4 – Due from Other Agencies

The following is due from other agencies as of June 30, 2025:

Funding Source	Governmental Fund	Balance
Due from the District, referendum	General Fund	\$ 261,795
Capital Outlay	Capital Projects Fund	 19,478
Total Due from Other Agencies, current		\$ 281,273
Due from the District, referendum, long-term portion		 251,127
Total Due from Other Agencies		\$ 532,400

Pursuant to the approved referendum, the School will receive funds in the following installments (including interest a rate of 12% compounding monthly):

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	251,127	31,849	282,976
2027	251,127	67,738	318,865
Total	\$ 502,254	\$ 99,587	\$ 601,841

Note 5 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis.

The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board shall have the option to renewed for an additional five year term. During 2025, the School incurred \$171,951 in fees.

Academica Broward, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Note 6 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

During 2025, the School shared its campus with other charter schools under Somerset Academy, Inc. Through the board, management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, supplies, and other expenses based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to these schools.

The School's lunch program is shared with various charter schools under Somerset Academy, Inc. Revenues and expenses related to such program have been allocated based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements.

Somerset Academy, Inc. charges its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School paid Somerset Academy, Inc. \$54,300 in connection with these charges during the year.

The School made long term, non-interest bearing advances to Somerset Academy, Inc. The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term advances for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/24	Advances	Repayment	s 06/30/25
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.	\$ 390,000	\$ 251,127	\$ -	\$ 641,127
Total Long Term Receivables	\$ 390,000	\$ 251,127	\$ -	\$ 641,127

Note 7 – Long Term Liabilities

Somerset Academy, Inc. entered into an educational facilities lease agreement with Florida Bible Church, Inc. for use of its facility beginning July 1, 2011. Current annual payments per this agreement are approximately \$490,000 plus \$700 per student per annum for every student above 700 enrolled by the School at the facility, plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. Commencing the second year of initial term, annual payments are adjusted by the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The lease automatically renews for additional renewal terms of two years each, with a continuous two year floating renewal. The agreement continues through June 30, 2026 (current renewal term). During the fiscal year, this facility was shared with Somerset Neighborhood School and Somerset Academy High School Miramar Campus.

The right of use asset and liability was remeasured to reflect the additional renewal term. At the time of the remeasurement the allocation used was approximately 43% for Somerset Neighborhood School, 24% for High and 33% for the School. At the time of the initial and remeasurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School has used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, interest expense totaled \$19,095, as it relates to its lease agreements. For 2025, variable and other payments of \$68,631 in connection with the lease agreement not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability were recorded in rent expense.

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Year	F	rincipal		Interest	Total		
2026	\$	251,384	\$	6,444	\$	257,828	
	\$	251,384	\$	6,444	\$	257,828	

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/24	Additions	Repayments	06/30/25
Lease liability	\$ 484,677	\$ -	\$ (233,293)	\$ 251,384
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 484,677	\$ -	\$ (233,293)	\$ 251,384

Note 8 – Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives the majority of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) and various other state and local funding. The FEFP which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of up to 5% or 2% if high performing, of the qualifying revenues of the School and up to and including 250 students. For the year ended June 30, 2025, administrative fees totaled \$91,555.

On November 6, 2018, and November 8, 2022, the voters of Broward County approved and renewed, respectively, the Secure the Next Generation Referendum to raise/maintain teacher compensation and improve school safety and security. The Broward County School District shares a portion with charter schools. The current renewal is set to expire on June 30, 2027. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School's total referendum revenues were approximately \$469,000 or 12% of total revenues.

Note 9 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 10 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP Total Source Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School provides a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed \$58,370 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2025. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

Note 11 – Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2025, consist of the following:

	General Fund			Special venue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	
To fund lunch deficit	\$	(69,765)	\$	69,765	\$ -	
To reimburse general fund for prior year expenditures		91,138		(61,993)	(29,145)	
Total Transfers, net	\$	21,373	\$	7,772	\$ (29,145)	
	Gei	neral Fund		Special renue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	
Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay	\$	19,478	\$	-	\$(19,478)	
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$	19,478	\$		\$ (19,478)	

Note 12 – Restatements of Beginning Balances and Compensated Absences

Effective July 1, 2024, the School implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Compensated absences payable consists of leave benefits, paid time off, that employees earned based on services already rendered. Compensated absences are recognized as a liability when the leave accumulates, is attributable to past service, and it is more likely than not that the leave will be used or paid.

For the implementation, the beginning net position has been restated, as follows:

	Fiscal Year	GASB	Fiscal Year
	June 30, 2024	Statement	June 30, 2024
	Original	Original No. 101	
Net position (deficit), beginning	\$ 593,654		\$ 593,654
Change in net position	1,271,317	(67,236)	1,204,081
Net position (deficit), ending	\$ 1,864,971		\$ 1,797,735

Note 12 – Restatements of Beginning Balances and Compensated Absences (continued)

Changes in compensated absence liabilities during the year are as follows:

	07/01/24	Increases *		creases * Decreases			6/30/25	Due within One Year	
Compensated absences	\$ 67,236	\$	8,778	\$		\$	76,014	\$	45,608
	\$ 67,236	\$	8,778	\$		\$	76,014	\$	45,608

^{*} The change in compensated absences is presented as a net change.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2025

_		ginal Budget	Fi	inal Budget		Actual	
REVENUES							
State passed through local	\$	2,715,179	\$	2,834,152	\$	2,837,630	
Local sources		580,953		706,881		720,476	
Other revenues				75,506		75,819	
Total Revenues		3,296,132		3,616,539		3,633,925	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		1,902,487		1,886,173		1,879,593	
Student support services		38,035		30,974		29,276	
Instructional staff training Services		5,000		5,000		2,669	
Board		99,695		28,756		21,665	
School administration		400,295		529,814		527,552	
Fiscal services		56,842		57,317		57,317	
Central services		76,842		68,817		64,995	
Operation of plant		255,019		523,441		515,674	
Maintenance of plant		157,526		159,000		152,044	
Administrative technology services		18,123		23,333		22,623	
Total Current Expenditures		3,009,864		3,312,625		3,273,408	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures		286,268		303,914		360,517	
Capital Outlay		14,496		14,496		12,468	
Total Expenditures		3,024,360		3,327,121		3,285,876	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		271,772		289,418		348,049	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in (out)		(70,362)		8,909		21,373	
Advances to Somerset Academy, Inc.				(251,126)		(251,126)	
Net change in fund balance		201,410		47,201		118,296	
Fund Balance at beginning of year		930,713		930,713		930,713	
Fund Balance at end of year	_\$_	1,132,123	\$	977,914	\$	1,049,009	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Fund						
	Orig	inal Budget	Fii	nal Budget	Actual		
REVENUES							
Federal sources	\$	278,626	\$	293,235	\$	293,235	
Lunch program		7,000		6,500		6,569	
Total Revenues		285,626		299,735		299,804	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		136,061		133,511		129,779	
Instructional staff training Services		12,565		15,652		15,264	
Food services		151,589		163,594		162,533	
Total Current Expenditures		300,215		312,757		307,576	
Excess (deficit) of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures		(14,589)		(13,022)		(7,772)	
Total Expenditures		300,215		312,757		307,576	
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(14,589)		(13,022)		(7,772)	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)		14,589		13,022		7,772	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-	
Fund Balance at beginning of year							
Fund Balance at end of year	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School Miramar, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 30, 2025 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Alb Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 30, 2025



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School Miramar, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School, Mirarmar, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing* Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 30, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and school code assigned by the Florida Department of education of the entity is Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School, 5441.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Preparatory Charter Middle School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or fraud, waste, or abuse, that has occurred, or is likely to have occurred, that has an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Broward County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 30, 2025