

Somerset Academy Bethany (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. and Component Unit of the School Board of Port St. Lucie County, Florida) WL # 0731

Port St. Lucie, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

General Information	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
(Required Supplementary Information)	5-9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance	
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position.	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds.	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	16-29
Dequired Supplementary Information.	
Required Supplementary Information:	30-31
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	30-31
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With	
Government Auditing Standards	32-33
Management Letter	34-35
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Somerset Academy Bethany WL # 0731

500 SW Bethany Drive Port St. Lucie, FL 34986

2022-2023

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Todd German, Director, Treasurer and Board Chair (Florida) Ana Diaz, Vice-Chair and Secretary David Concepcion, Director Brian M. Cox, Director (Texas)

SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Erika Rains, Principal

OTHER NON-VOTING CORPORATE OFFICERS

Bernardo Montero, President Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Bethany Port St. Lucie, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Bethany (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which is a component unit of the District School Board of St. Lucie County, as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Bethany as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Somerset Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter – Related Party Transactions

As described in Note 5 to the financial statements, the School relies on significant support from Somerset Academy, Inc. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of Somerset Academy Bethany that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 30 to 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

All Gravin, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Academy Bethany (A Charter school Under Somerset Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2023

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School as of June 30, 2023 was \$268,401.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$1,017,084.
- 3. The School had an increase in net position of \$240,199 for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$543,059

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, net outflows of resources, liabilities, and net inflows of resources. The difference is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Government Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 29 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$268,401 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash	\$ 552,571	\$ 52,075
Investments	110,000	313,700
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	309,932	27,138
Due from other agencies	44,581	277,277
Capital and right of use assets, net	10,966,083	11,484,671
Total Assets	11,983,167	12,154,861
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	87,598	46,353
Accounts payable	34,150	407,489
Lease liability	11,593,018	11,575,829
Due to other division of Somerset Academy, Inc.		96,988
Total Liabilities	11,714,766	12,126,659
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	(840,798)	(253,770)
Unrestricted	1,109,199	281,972
Total Net Position	\$ 268,401	\$ 28,202

At the end of the year, the School is able to report a positive balance in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 56,032	\$ 372,632
Capital Grants and Contributions	221,309	102,957
General Revenues		
Local Sources (FTE and other non specific)	2,613,540	1,435,637
Change for services and other revenues	1,916,083	932,806
Total Revenues	\$ 4,806,964	\$ 2,844,032
EXPENSES		
Component Unit Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 1,960,255	\$ 1,054,123
Instructional staff training services	9,211	2,915
Board	19,638	14,331
School administration	435,902	286,681
Fiscal services	50,550	29,325
Food services	11,506	1,153
Central services	96,279	64,119
Student transportation services	64,783	76,794
Operation of plant	1,137,323	754,081
Maintenance of plant	144,133	58,056
Administrative technology services	40,658	1,986
Community services	19,858	17,053
	576,669	572,804
Total Expenses	4,566,765	2,933,421
Change in Net Position	240,199	(89,389)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	28,202	117,591
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 268,401	\$ 28,202

In 2023, the school's revenue and expenses increased by \$1,962,932 and \$1,633,344 respectively. The School had an increase in its net position of \$240,199 for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 500 SW Bethany Drive, Port St. Lucie, FL 34986.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

School Enrollment

The School had an average 337 students enrolled in grades kindergarten through fifth.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$852,991. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$543,059. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$565,375 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) of \$10,400,708 (net of accumulated amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right of use lease asset (building), improvements, furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2023, the School had long term debt of \$11,574,829 relating to capital assets.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund					
	Original					
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual			
REVENUES						
Program Revenues						
State capital outlay funding	\$ 152,533	\$ 219,029	\$ 221,309			
Federal sources	89,500	55,039	56,032			
Charge for services	242,800	181,601	184,200			
General Revenues						
FTE nonspecific revenues	2,429,303	2,611,782	2,613,540			
Other revenue	1,429,798	1,636,782	1,634,895			
Total Revenues	\$ 4,343,934	\$ 4,704,233	\$ 4,709,976			
CURRENT EXPENDITURES						
Component Unit Activities						
Instruction	\$ 2,037,365	\$ 1,839,437	\$ 1,836,671			
Instructional staff training services	7,000	10,685	9,211			
Board	21,156	21,783	19,638			
School administration	319,055	436,782	435,902			
Fiscal services	44,625	52,783	50,550			
Food services	24,000	10,210	9,774			
Central services	75,625	98,023	96,279			
Student transportation services	45,249	41,822	40,814			
Operation of plant	568,741	578,293	577,174			
Maintenance of plant	74,500	145,720	143,644			
Administrative technology services	42,462	42,462	40,659			
Community services	28,000	22,093	19,858			
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 3,287,778	\$ 3,300,093	\$ 3,280,174			

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Broward, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Assets	Governmental Activities
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 552,571
Investments	110,000
Due from other agencies	44,581
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	309,932
Total current assets	1,017,084
Capital assets, net	
Capital assets, depreciable	933,732
Less: accumulated depreciation	(368,357)
Right-of-use lease asset	11,346,232
Less: accumulated amortization	(945,524)
Total capital assets	10,966,083
Total Assets	11,983,167
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>-</u>
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Salaries and wages payable	87,598
Accounts payable	34,150
Current portion of notes payable	7,496
Lease liability-current	294,306
Total Current Liabilities	423,550
Notes payable	10,693
Lease liability	11,280,523
Total Liabilities	11,714,766
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u> </u>
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	(840,798)
Unrestricted	1,109,199
Total Net Position	\$ 268,401
The accompanying notes are an integral	

part of these financial statements.

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

Primary Government	Expenses		Expenses		Charges for Services	Gr	perating rants and tributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	a	et (Expense) Revenue nd Changes Net Position
Governmental activities:										
Instruction	\$	1,960,255	\$136,752	\$	49,001	\$ -	\$	(1,774,502)		
Instructional staff training services		9,211	-		7,031	-		(2,180)		
Board		19,638	-		-	-		(19,638)		
School administration		435,902	-		-	-		(435,902)		
Fiscal services		50,550	-		-	-		(50,550)		
Food services		11,506	-		-	-		(11,506)		
Central services		96,279	-		-	-		(96,279)		
Student transportation services		64,783	-		-	-		(64,783)		
Operation of plant		1,137,323	17,836		-	221,309		(898,178)		
Maintenance of plant		144,133	-		-	-		(144,133)		
Administrative technology services		40,658	-		-	-		(40,658)		
Community services		19,858	47,448		-	-		27,590		
Debt service		576,669						(576,669)		
Total governmental activities		4,566,765	202,036		56,032	221,309		(4,087,388)		

2,613,540
1,676,988
 37,059
240,199
28,202
\$ 268,401
\$

The accompanying notes are an integral

part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

				Special		Total
	General Fund				G	overnmental
			Rev	renue Fund		Funds
Assets						
Cash	\$	510,226	\$	42,345	\$	552,571
Investments		110,000		-		110,000
Due from other agencies		1,115		43,466		44,581
Due from fund		43,466		-		43,466
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		309,932		-		309,932
Total Assets		974,739		85,811		1,060,550
Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		-		-
Liabilities						
Salaries and wages payable		87,598		-		87,598
Due to fund		-		43,466		43,466
Accounts payable		34,150		-		34,150
Total Liabilities		121,748		43,466		165,214
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-				-
Fund balance						
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		309,932		-		309,932
Assigned		-		42,345		42,345
Unassigned		543,059		-		543,059
C		852,991		42,345		895,336
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		· ·		<u> </u>		· ·
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	974,739	\$	85,811	\$	1,060,550

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance	- Governmental Funds	\$	895,336
Amounts reported t different because:			
٤	Depreciable and non-depreciable capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.		
(Capital assets, depreciable 933,732		
	Less: accumulated depreciation (368,357)		
I	Right-of-use lease asset 11,346,232		
I	Less: accumulated amortization (945,524)	1	0,966,083
I	Long term liability not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.	(1	1,593,018)
Total Net Position -	Governmental Activities	\$	268,401

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund			pecial enue Fund	Cap	ital Projects Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:								1 unus
State capital outlay funding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	221,309	\$	221,309
State passed through local	2,613,	540		-		-		2,613,540
Federal sources	, ,	-		56,032		-		56,032
Charge for services	136,	752		47,448		-		184,200
Other revenue	1,634,			-		-		1,634,895
Total Revenues	4,385,			103,480		221,309		4,709,976
Expenditures:								
Current								
Instruction	1,788,	,692		47,979		-		1,836,671
Instructional staff training	2,	180		7,031		-		9,211
Board	19,	,638		-		-		19,638
School administration	435,	,902		-		-		435,902
Fiscal services	50,	,550		-		-		50,550
Food services	9,	,774		-		-		9,774
Central services	96,	279		-		-		96,279
Student transportation services	40,	814		-		-		40,814
Operation of plant	577,	,174		-		-		577,174
Maintenance of plant	143,	,644		-		-		143,644
Administrative technology services	40,	,659		-		-		40,659
Community services		-		19,858		-		19,858
Capital Outlay:								
Other capital outlay	123,	101		-		-		123,101
Debt Service:								
Redemption of Principal	4,	687		-		46,357		51,044
Interest		935		-		575,734		576,669
Total Expenditures	3,334,	,029		74,868		622,091		4,030,988
Excess (Deficit) of revenues over expenditures	1,051,	,158		28,612		(400,782)		678,988
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in (out)	(396,	,067)		(4,715)		400,782		-
Net change in fund balance	655,	,091		23,897		-		678,988
Fund Balance at beginning of year	197,	,900		18,448				216,348
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 852,	001	\$	42,345	\$	_	\$	895,336

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 678,988
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay 123,101	
Depreciation and amortization expense (641,689)	(518,588)
Increase in long term liabilities is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Increases in long-term liabilities	(68,233)
Other decreases in long-term liabilities	96,988
Principal payments on long-term liabilities	 51,044
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 240,199
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.	

15

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Academy Bethany (the "School"), is a component unit of the School Board of Port St. Lucie County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of four members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exists that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of St. Lucie County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2025 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Port St. Lucie, Florida serving students from kindergarten through fifth grades and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2023, when an average 337 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both government wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Capital Projects Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay expenditures.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Cash and Investments

Cash is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Somerset Academy Bethany (A charter school under) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Inter-fund Transfers

Interfund receivables/payables are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide financial statements. Proceeds from the sale of or disposal of capital assets are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds.

The right to use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. Short term lease payments are expensed when incurred.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Right of use lease asset (building)	25 Years
Building Improvements	25 Years
Furniture, Equipment and Textbooks	5 Years
Computer Equipment and Software	5 Years
Audio Visual Equiment	5 Years
Motor Vehicles	5 Years

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to receive one day per month up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may "cash out" unused sick days, however, employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the state through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting

documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) <u>Net investment in capital assets</u> consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) <u>Nonspendable</u> includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned). All nonspendable fund balances at year end relate to not in spendable form assets.
- b) <u>Restricted</u> this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned balances pertain to the School's internal account.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2023, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The adoption had no effect on the School's 2023 financial statements.

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 29, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash a financial institution. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2023, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage \$49,300.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (continued)

At June 30, 2023, the School had \$110,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2023, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 91% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2023, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance 07/01/22		Additions		Retirements / Reclassifications		Balance 06/30/23
Capital Assets, depreciable:							
Building and improvements	\$	12,010	\$	5,220	\$	-	\$ 17,230
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		678,777		117,881		-	796,658
Motor vehicles	_	119,844		-	_	-	 119,844
Total Capital Assets		810,631		123,101		-	 933,732
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Building and improvements		(1,699)		(1,887)		-	(3,586)
Motor vehicles		(33,956)		(23,969)		-	(57,925)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		(163,772)		(143,074)		-	(306,846)
		(199,427)		(168,930)		-	(368,357)
Capital Assets being depreciated, net	\$	611,204	\$	(45,829)	\$	-	\$ 565,375
Lease Assets:							
Right of use lease asset (building)	\$ 1	1,346,232	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 11,346,232
Less accumulated amortization:	_	(472,764)		(472,760)	_	-	(945,524)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	1	0,873,468		(472,760)		-	 10,400,708
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 1	1,484,672	\$	(518,589)	\$	-	\$ 10,966,083

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation and amortization expense are allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depreciation	Amortization			
Instruction	\$ 123,584	\$ -			
Food services	1,732	-			
Student transportation services	23,969	-			
Operation of plant	19,156	472,760			
Maintenance of plant	489				
Total Expense	\$ 168,930	\$ 472,760			

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Broward, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis.

Note 4 – Education Service and Support Provider (continued)

The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board shall have the option to renew for an additional five year term. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School incurred \$151,650, in fees.

Note 5 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

Somerset Academy, Inc. charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate and accreditation expenses. Somerset Academy Charter Schools paid Somerset Academy, Inc. \$50,550 in connection with these charges during the year.

The following summarizes the changes in long-term debt to Somerset Academy, Inc. during the year.

	В	alance				Balance
	07/01/22		Adv	ances	Decreases	06/30/23
Somerset Academy, Inclong-term	\$	96,988	\$	-	\$ (96,988)	\$ -
Total Long Term Debt	\$	96,988	\$	-	\$ (96,988)	\$ -

Recoverable Grant

During the current school year, the School received \$1,676,998 in recoverable grants from Somerset Academy, Inc. As of June 30, 2023, the School received \$1,020,000 in recoverable grants. The purpose of the Grant is to assist the School in its successful development and to fund operating expenses. Repayment of this grant is contingent on the School subsequently meeting certain financial conditions. The maximum amount the School may be required to pay in the future should the School meet the requirements for repayment is \$2,696,998.

Note 6 – Lease Liabilities

Short - Term Lease

On July 1 2022, the School entered into a Facilities Use Agreement ("Agreement") with Indian State River College ("College") for a 12,000 square foot facility and certain facilities as defined in the Agreement. The School agreed to pay the College a facilities fee of \$10,000 per month. The Agreement continued through December 31, 2022, with an option to extend on a monthly basis.

Long-Term Lease Liabilities

The School entered into a lease agreement ("Original Lease") with 990 Building, LLC (the "Landlord") for its 41,052 square feet building including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. The agreement continues through June 30, 2045, with an option to renew for two additional periods of five-year term. The landlord and ESSP may have owners in common, but they operate independently from each other. The contractual agreement between the ESSP and the school is independent from the separate lease agreement between the school and landlord. (See Note 4).

Note 6 – Lease Liabilities (continued)

Fixed annual payments under the agreement are \$71,841 per month or \$862,092 a year; adjusted annually commencing on the second lease year based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement calls for enrollment discounts the first three years if the School does not meet a minimum enrollment requirement. Under the agreement, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Landlord has elected to defer all but 3% of the annual CPI adjustment and may elect to recover the deferred portion in subsequent lease years where the CPI adjustment is less than 3% or when the School receives increases in state funding.

At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School has used an average effective interest for several borrowings during fiscal year 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interest expense totaled \$575,735, as it relates to its lease agreement. For 2023, other variable payments of \$121,735 in connection with the lease agreement not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability were recorded in rent expense. In addition, \$110,000 in short term lease payments were paid during the year.

Year	Principal	Interest	Total	_
2024	\$ 294,306	\$ 567,786	\$ 862,092	
2025	309,363	552,729	862,092	
2026	325,191	536,901	862,092	
2027	341,828	520,264	862,092	
2028	359,317	502,775	862,092	
2029-2033	1,630,748	1,817,620	3,448,368	(Total period of five years peri
2034-2038	2,553,966	1,756,494	4,310,460	(Total period of five years peri
2039-2043	3,277,655	1,032,805	4,310,460	(Total period of five years peri
2044-2045	2,397,025	189,251	2,586,276	(Total period of two years peri
	\$ 11,489,399	\$ 7,476,625	\$ 18,966,024	-

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance					Balance
	7/1/2022	Additions		Additions Decreases		 6/30/2023
Lease Liability	\$ 11,535,756	\$	-	\$	(46,357)	\$ 11,489,399
Deferred CPI Due to Landlord	17,197	_	68,233		-	 85,430
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 11,552,953	\$	68,233	\$	(46,357)	\$ 11,574,829

Note 7 – Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of up to 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2023, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$93,103.

Note 8 – Notes Payable

The School obtained equipment financing from a financial institution and issued a note payable for a total loan balance of \$25,146. The facility, which was refinanced during the year, requires 60 monthly principal and interest payments of \$927 at a fixed rate of 4.47%. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance was \$18,189.

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in note payables for the year:

	Balance						Balance		
	07	07/01/22		ances	Re	payments	06/30/23		
Notes Payable	\$	22,876	\$	-	\$	(4,687)	\$	18,189	
Total Long Term Debt	\$	22,876	\$	-	\$	(4,687)	\$	18,189	

Future maturities under the long-term debt as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest
2024	\$	7,496	\$	561
2025		5,234		347
2026		5,459		126
	\$	18,189	\$	1,034

Note 9 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 10 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School's personnel, who are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School approved a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of employee compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$39,048 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

Note 11 – Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
To fund lease liability payments from the general fund	\$ (396,067)	\$ -	\$ 400,782
To reimburse the general fund for prior period expenses		(4,715)	
Total Transfers, net	\$ (396,067)	\$ (4,715)	\$ 400,782

	Ger	neral Fund	Special enue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Federal Funds	\$	43,466	\$ (43,466)	\$	-
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$	43,466	\$ (43,466)	\$	-

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

		Original Budget		nal Budget	Actual		
REVENUES							
State passed through local	\$	2,429,303	\$	2,611,782	\$	2,613,540	
Charge for services		214,800		134,778		136,752	
Other revenue		1,429,798		1,636,782		1,634,895	
Total Revenues		4,073,901		4,383,342		4,385,187	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction		1,952,365		1,790,234		1,788,692	
Board		21,156		21,783		19,638	
Instructional staff training		2,500		2,594		2,180	
School administration		319,055		436,782		435,902	
Fiscal services		44,625		52,783		50,550	
Food Services		24,000		10,210		9,774	
Central Services		75,625		98,023		96,279	
Student transportation services		45,249		41,822		40,814	
Operation of Plant		568,741		578,293		577,174	
Maintenance of Plant		74,500		145,720		143,644	
Administrative technology services		42,462		42,462		40,659	
Total Current Expenditures		3,170,278	-	3,220,706		3,205,306	
Deficit of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures		903,623		1,162,636		1,179,881	
Debt Service:							
Redemption of Principal		4,687		4,687		4,687	
Interest		935		935		935	
Capital Outlay		125,000		125,000		123,101	
Total Capital Outlay and							
Debt Service Expenditures		130,622		130,622		128,723	
Total Expenditures		3,300,900		3,351,328		3,334,029	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		773,001		1,032,014		1,051,158	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in (out)		(469,558)		(380,587)		(396,067)	
Net change in fund balance		303,443		651,427		655,091	
Fund Balance at beginning of year		197,900		197,900		197,900	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	501,343	\$	849,327	\$	852,991	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2023

			Special	Revenue Fun	h		
	Origi	inal Budget	1	al Budget	Actual		
REVENUES		<u> </u>					
Federal sources	\$	89,500	\$	55,039	\$	56,032	
Charge for services		28,000		46,823		47,448	
Total Revenues		117,500		101,862		103,480	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction	\$	85,000		49,203		47,979	
Instructional staff training		4,500		8,091		7,031	
Community services		28,000		22,093		19,858	
Total Current Expenditures		117,500		79,387		74,868	
Excess of Revenues							
Over Current Expenditures		-		22,475		28,612	
Capital Outlay		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures		117,500		79,387		74,868	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		22,475		28,612	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in (out)		-		(22,475)		(4,715)	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		23,897	
Fund Balance at beginning of year		18,448		18,448		18,448	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	18,448	\$	18,448	\$	42,345	

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Bethany Port St. Lucie, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy Bethany (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 29, 2023 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy Bethany Port St. Lucie, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Academy Bethany, Port St. Lucie, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 29, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings and recommendations in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and school code assigned by the Florida Department of education of the entity is Somerset Academy Bethany, 0731.

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Financial Condition

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Academy Bethany has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Bethany did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Academy Bethany. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Academy Bethany's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had no recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Academy Bethany maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy Bethany maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of St. Lucie County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Alb Gravier, UP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida September 29, 2023